

9/27/17

"What you do today can improve all your tomorrows"-Ralph Marston

HW: "Difference Quotient" worksheet #1-4

Aim: What is the Difference Quotient?

Warm Up: Which of the following are continuous at $x = 1$?

yes (a) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 5 & x = 1 \\ 2x + 3 & x \neq 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow 5 \leftarrow 2(1)+3 \rightarrow 5 \leftarrow \text{same}$

yes (b) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 4x & x = 1 \\ \frac{2x^2-2}{x-1} & x \neq 1 \end{cases}$

yes (c) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x = 1 \\ \frac{x-1}{\sqrt{1-x}} & x \neq 1 \end{cases}$

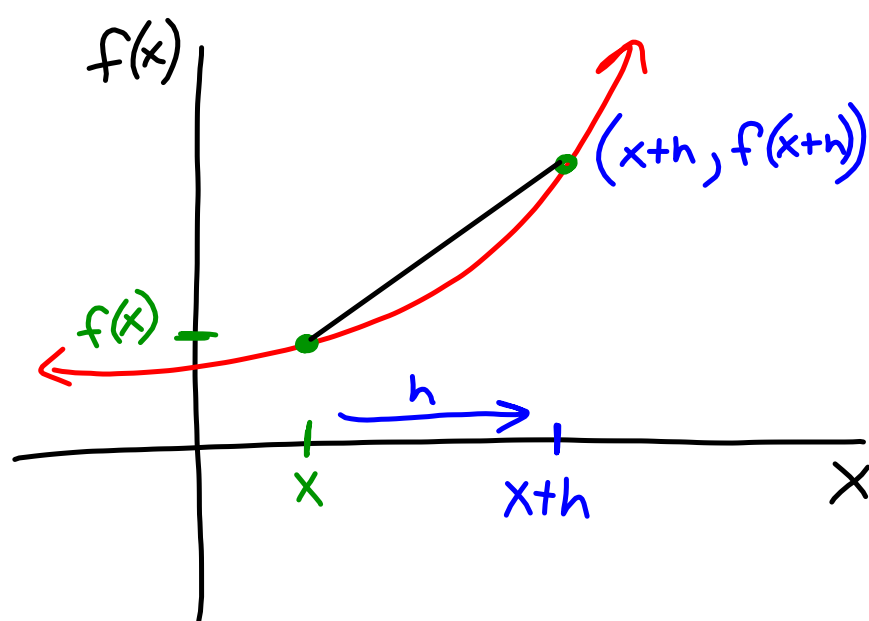
b) $4(1) \rightarrow 4 \leftarrow \text{same}$

$$\frac{2(1)^2-2}{1-1} = \frac{0}{0} \quad \frac{2x^2-2}{x-1} = \frac{2(x^2-1)}{x-1} = \frac{2(x+1)(x-1)}{x-1} = 2(x+1)$$

$2(1+1) = 4$

c) $0 \leftarrow \text{same}$

$$\frac{1-1}{\sqrt{1-1}} = \frac{0}{0} \quad \frac{x-1}{\sqrt{1-x}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{1-x}} = \frac{(x-1)(\sqrt{1-x})}{1-x} = -\sqrt{1-x} - \sqrt{1-1} = 0$$



$$\text{slope} = \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{x+h - x}$$

$$= \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

1. Given $f(x) = 4x^2$, find the following and simplify.

(a). $f(x+h)$

$$= 4(x+h)^2$$

$$= 4(x^2 + 2xh + h^2)$$

$$= 4x^2 + 8xh + 4h^2$$

(b). $f(x+h) - f(x)$

$$= 4x^2 + 8xh + 4h^2 - 4x^2$$

$$= 8xh + 4h^2$$

(c). $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \frac{8xh + 4h^2}{h} = 8x + 4h$

Find $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$ for each of the following.

1. $f(x) = x^2 - 5x - 1$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{(x+h)^2 - 5(x+h) - 1 - (x^2 - 5x - 1)}{h} &= \frac{\cancel{x^2} + 2xh + h^2 - \cancel{5x} - 5h - 1 - \cancel{x^2} + \cancel{5x} + 1}{h} \\ &= \frac{2xh + h^2 - 5h}{h} = \boxed{2x + h - 5} \end{aligned}$$

2. $f(x) = 3x^2 - 4x$

3. $f(x) = x^3 - 4x^2 + 5x$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{(x+h)^3 - 4(x+h)^2 + 5(x+h) - (x^3 - 4x^2 + 5x)}{h} \\ &= \frac{\cancel{x^3} + 3x^2h + 3xh^2 + h^3 - 4\cancel{x^2} - 8xh - 4h^2 + 5x + 5h - \cancel{x^3} + \cancel{4x^2} - 5x}{h} \\ &= \frac{3x^2h + 3xh^2 + h^3 - 8xh - 4h^2 + 5h}{h} \\ &= \boxed{3x^2 + 3xh + h^2 - 8x - 4h + 5} \end{aligned}$$

4. $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\frac{1}{x+h} - \frac{1}{x}}{h} &= \frac{\frac{x - (x+h)}{x(x+h)}}{h} = \frac{x - x - h}{hx(x+h)} = \frac{-h}{hx(x+h)} \\ &= \frac{-1}{x(x+h)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{-1}{x(x+h)}}$$

